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10/628,043

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*** YOU HAVE NEW MAIL ***

=> s detect? (4a) presence (3a) absence (3a) RNA
L1 129 DETECT? (4A) PRESENCE (3A) ABSENCE (3A) RNA

=> s l1 and modifi? (3a) oligo?
L2 62 L1 AND MODIFI? (3A) OLIGO?

=> dup rem l2
PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L2
L3 59 DUP REM L2 (3 DUPLICATES REMOVED)

=> s l3 and 1996/py
L4 1 L3 AND 1996/PY

=> d l4 bib abs

L4 ANSWER 1 OF 1 USPATFULL on STN
AN 96:39007 USPATFULL
TI Compositions for inhibiting RNA activity
IN Cook, Phillip D., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Bruice, Thomas, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Guinosso, Charles J., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew M., Oceanside, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 5514786 19960507 <--
AI US 1992-942961 19920910 (7)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-846556, filed on 5 Mar 1992,
now patented, Pat. No. US 5359051 which is a continuation-in-part of
Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, now abandoned And a
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990,
now abandoned
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Schreiber, David
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris
CLMN Number of Claims: 21
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 8 Drawing Figure(s); 8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1999
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB Compositions and methods for modulating the activity of RNA are
disclosed. In accordance with preferred embodiments, antisense

compositions are prepared comprising targeting and reactive portions. The reactive portions preferably comprise one or two imidazole functionalities conjugated to the targeting oligonucleotide via linkers with or without intervening intercalating moieties. Therapeutics, diagnostics and research methods also are disclosed, as are synthetic nucleosides and nucleoside fragments that can be elaborated into oligonucleotides.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

=> s 13 not 14

L5 58 L3 NOT L4

=> d 15 bib abs 1-58

L5 ANSWER 1 OF 58 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
AN 2003-831271 [77] WPIDS
CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
1999-166721 [14]; 1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33];
1999-403817 [34]; 1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45];
1999-561076 [47]; 2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14];
2000-237346 [20]; 2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58];
2000-672833 [65]; 2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41];
2001-407099 [43]; 2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07];
2002-215022 [27]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25]; 2004-466815 [44];
2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]
DNC C2003-234168
TI **Modified oligonucleotides** useful as therapeutics,
diagnostics and research agents comprises several covalently bound
nucleosides joined by internucleoside linkages.
DC B04 D16
IN COOK, P D; KAWASAKI, A M
PA (ISIS-N) ISIS PHARM INC
CYC 1
PI US 2003187240 A1 20031002 (200377)* 48
ADT US 2003187240 A1 CIP of US 1990-463358 19900111, CIP of US 1990-566977
19900813, CIP of US 1992-835932 19920305, Cont of US 1995-468037 19950606,
Cont of US 1999-389283 19990902, US 2003-352586 20030128
FDT US 2003187240 A1 CIP of US 5670633, Cont of US 5859221, Cont of US 6531584
PRAI US 1995-468037 19950606; US 1990-463358 19900111;
US 1990-566977 19900813; US 1992-835932 19920305;
US 1999-389283 19990902; US 2003-352586 20030128
AN 2003-831271 [77] WPIDS
CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
1999-166721 [14]; 1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33];

1999-403817 [34]; 1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45];
 1999-561076 [47]; 2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14];
 2000-237346 [20]; 2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58];
 2000-672833 [65]; 2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41];
 2001-407099 [43]; 2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07];
 2002-215022 [27]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
 2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25]; 2004-466815 [44];
 2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]

AB US2003187240 A UFAB: 20050406

NOVELTY - A **modified oligonucleotide** comprises several covalently bound nucleosides including a ribose or deoxyribose sugar portion and a base portion. The nucleosides are joined together by internucleoside linkages such that the base portion of the nucleosides form a mixed base sequence. At least one of the nucleosides includes a modified ribofuranosyl moiety bearing a 2'-fluoro substituent.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A compound comprises several covalently bound nucleosides including a ribose or deoxyribose sugar portion and a base portion. The nucleosides are joined together by internucleoside linkages such that the base portion of the nucleosides form a mixed base sequence. At least one of the nucleosides includes a modified ribofuranosyl moiety bearing a 2'-fluoro substituent (provided that at least two of the nucleosides are 2-fluoro modified ribofuranosyl nucleosides when the internucleoside linkages are phosphodiester linkages).

ACTIVITY - Virucide; Anti-HIV; Antiarteriosclerotic; Cytostatic.

MECHANISM OF ACTION - DNA or RNA modulator; Protein production modulator; Protein production inhibitor; Viral nucleic acid hybridization inducer.

USE - As therapeutics, diagnostics and research agents e.g. for the treatment of various viruses (e.g. AIDS), for modulating the production of proteins by an organism, treating an organism having a disease involving an undesired production of a protein (e.g. atherosclerosis, cancer), **detecting the presence or absence of abnormal**

RNA molecules, or abnormal or inappropriate expression of normal RNA molecules in organisms or cells, and for the selective binding of RNA for use as research reagents and diagnostic agents.

ADVANTAGE - The compounds have improved stability to enzymatic degradation with various intracellular and extracellular nucleases, and improved ability to bind to a specific DNA or RNA with fidelity compared to wild-type DNA-DNA and RNA-DNA duplexes and phosphorus-**modified oligonucleotide** duplexes containing methylphosphonates, phosphoramidates and phosphate triesters. The **modified oligonucleotides** are designed to specifically hybridize to the preselected portion of target DNA or RNA.
 Dwg. 0/9

LS ANSWER 2 OF 58 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
 AN 2003-566474 [53] WPIDS
 CR

1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
 1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
 1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
 1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
 1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
 1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
 1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
 1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
 1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
 1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
 1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
 1999-166721 [14]; 1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33];
 1999-403817 [34]; 1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45];
 1999-561076 [47]; 2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14];
 2000-237346 [20]; 2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58];
 2000-672833 [65]; 2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41];
 2001-407099 [43]; 2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07];
 2002-215022 [27]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
 2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-831271 [77];
 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25]; 2004-466815 [44];

2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]
DNC C2003-152780 .
TI Nuclease resistant mixed sequence oligonucleotides useful as therapeutics, diagnostics, and research agents comprise at least one modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group.
DC B04 D16
IN COOK, P D; KAWASAKI, A M
PA (ISIS-N) ISIS PHARM INC
CYC 1
PI US 6531584 B1 20030311 (200353)* 48
ADT US 6531584 B1 CIP of US 1990-463358 19900111, CIP of US 1990-566977 19900813, CIP of US 1992-835932 19920305, CIP of US 1992-854634 19920701, Cont of US 1995-468037 19950606, Div ex US 1998-35357 19980305, US 1999-389283 19990902
FDT US 6531584 B1 CIP of US 5670633, Cont of US 5859221, Div ex US 6005087
PRAI US 1995-468037 19950606; US 1990-463358 19900111;
US 1990-566977 19900813; US 1992-835932 19920305;
US 1992-854634 19920701; US 1998-35357 19980305;
US 1999-389283 19990902
AN 2003-566474 [53] WPIDS
CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
1999-166721 [14]; 1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33];
1999-403817 [34]; 1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45];
1999-561076 [47]; 2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14];
2000-237346 [20]; 2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58];
2000-672833 [65]; 2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41];
2001-407099 [43]; 2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07];
2002-215022 [27]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-831271 [77];
2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25]; 2004-466815 [44];
2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]
AB US 6531584 B UPAB: 20050406
NOVELTY - Nuclease resistant mixed sequence oligonucleotides comprising at least one modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group, are new.
DETAILED DESCRIPTION - INDEPENDENT CLAIMS are included for:
(1) a nuclease resistant mixed sequence oligonucleotide comprising at least one 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group modified by substitution with allyl;
(2) a mixed sequence oligonucleotide having a first modification comprising at least one 2'-deoxy-2'-NH₂ group and a second modification which confers nuclease resistance to the oligonucleotide;
(3) a mixed sequence oligonucleotide having a first modification comprising at least one modified 2'-deoxy-2'-amino group where the group is a secondary amine, and a second modification conferring nuclease resistance to the oligonucleotide;
(4) a nuclease resistant mixed sequence oligonucleotide comprising at least one 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group modified by substitution with azido; and
(5) a nuclease resistant oligonucleotide (analog) including more than one 2'-modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group where the modification comprises substitution by hydroxyl, halo, azido, or amino, and where one of the 2'-modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl group is different from another of the 2'-modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl groups.
ACTIVITY - Antiviral.
MECHANISM OF ACTION - The oligonucleotides act by specifically hybridizing with a target nucleic acid to modulate its activity, and are especially useful as antisense oligonucleotides inhibiting the production of a specific protein by binding to its encoding mRNA. The new oligonucleotides are nuclease resistant and persist for some time in a

treated cell.

Chimeric oligonucleotides of sequence TCCGCTGTGACATGCATT were designed using the Genbank c-raf sequence X03484 and tested for their ability to inhibit c-raf mRNA expression in T24 human bladder carcinoma cells. The oligonucleotides had a central gap of 6, 8, or 10 deoxynucleotides flanked by two regions of 2'-O-methyl modified nucleotides. The backbones were all phosphorothioate. Cells were seeded on 100 mm plates and grown to 70% confluency in McCoy's 5A medium with L-glutamine and 10% fetal calf serum before treatment with oligonucleotide. Cells were washed with 10 ml pre-warmed phosphate-buffered saline and 5 ml of reduced serum medium containing 2.5 micro l N-(1-(2,3-dioleloxy)propyl)-N,N,N-trimethylammonium chloride (DOTMA). The oligonucleotide was then added with lipofectin. The medium was replaced with fresh McCoy's medium after 4 hours treatment. Cells were harvested 24-72 hours after oligonucleotide treatment and Northern blot analysis was used to assay the effect of the treatment on c-raf mRNA expression. One of the oligonucleotides with an 8-deoxynucleotide gap inhibited c-raf mRNA expression by more than 90%.

USE - The modified oligonucleotides are disclosed as being useful for modulating the production of a protein by an organism, and especially for treating a disease in an organism which is characterized by the undesired production of a protein. The oligonucleotides may be used to treat diseases caused by viruses or other agents. The oligonucleotides may also be used for diagnostic methods for detecting the presence or absence of abnormal RNA molecules, or for detecting the inappropriate expression of normal RNA molecules in an organism or cell. Oligonucleotides of the invention that selectively bind RNA may also be useful as research reagents.

ADVANTAGE - The new oligonucleotides are nuclease resistant and hybridize to RNA or DNA targets with high strength and specificity. Dwg. 0/9

LS ANSWER 3 OF 58 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN
AN 1999-166721 [14] WPIDS
CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33]; 1999-403817 [34];
1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45]; 1999-561076 [47];
2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14]; 2000-237346 [20];
2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58]; 2000-672833 [65];
2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41]; 2001-407099 [43];
2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07]; 2002-215022 [27];
2002-517809 [55]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
2003-831271 [77]; 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25];
2004-466815 [44]; 2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]
DNC C1999-048644
TI New 2'-O-modified oligo-nucleotide(s) - comprising
nucleotide(s) comprising a 2'-aminoalkoxy or 2'-imidazolylalkoxy
substituent, used for hybridisation to RNA or DNA.
DC B04 D16
IN COOK, P D; KAWASAKI, A M
PA (ISIS-N) ISIS PHARM INC
CYP 1
PI US 5872232 A 19990216 (199914)* 48
ADT US 5872232 A CIP of US 1990-463358 19900111, CIP of US 1990-566977
19900813, CIP of WO 1991-US5720 19910812, CIP of US 1992-835932 19920305,
CIP of US 1992-854634 19920701, US 1995-471973 19950606

FDT US 5872232 A CIP of US 5670633

PRAI US 1995-471973 . 19950606; US 1990-463358 19900111;
US 1990-566977 19900813; WO 1991-US5720 19910812;
US 1992-835932 19920305; US 1992-854634 19920701

AN 1999-166721 [14] WPIDS

CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-096911 [12];
1992-415799 [50]; 1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18];
1993-152487 [18]; 1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40];
1994-026130 [03]; 1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41];
1994-333091 [41]; 1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41];
1995-066911 [09]; 1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27];
1995-215086 [28]; 1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39];
1995-402802 [51]; 1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02];
1997-042296 [04]; 1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39];
1998-008042 [01]; 1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02];
1999-080503 [07]; 1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10];
1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33]; 1999-403817 [34];
1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45]; 1999-561076 [47];
2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14]; 2000-237346 [20];
2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58]; 2000-672833 [65];
2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41]; 2001-407099 [43];
2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07]; 2002-215022 [27];
2002-517809 [55]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
2003-831271 [77]; 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25];
2004-466815 [44]; 2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]

AB US 5872232 A UPAB: 20050406

NOVELTY - 2'-O-modified oligonucleotides (ONs)

comprising nucleosides comprising a 2'-aminoalkoxy or 2'-imidazolylalkoxy substituent are new. DETAILED DESCRIPTION - A nuclease resistant compound that hybridises with RNA or DNA is claimed, the compound comprising covalently-bound nucleosides that individually include a ribose or deoxyribose sugar portion and base portion where the nucleosides are joined together by internucleoside linkages such that the base portion of the nucleosides form a mixed base sequence that is complementary to a RNA base sequence or to a DNA base sequence; at least one of the nucleosides including: (a) a base selected from adenine, thymine, uracil and guanine; and (b) a modified ribofuranosyl moiety bearing a 2'-aminoalkoxy or 2'-imidazolylalkoxy substituent, where the alkoxy moiety of the substituent has 1-20C.

USE - The nuclease resistant compounds can be used for modulating the activity of DNA or RNA. They can be used for treating organisms having a disease characterised by the undesired production of a protein. Diverse organisms such as bacteria, yeast, protozoa, algae, plant and higher animal forms including warm-blooded animals can be treated in this manner. The compounds can be used for treating e.g. AIDS, atherosclerosis or tumours. They can also be used in diagnostic methods for detecting the presence or absence of abnormal RNA molecules, or abnormal or inappropriate expression of normal RNA molecules in organisms or cells.

ADVANTAGE - The compounds are resistant to nuclease degradation and inhibit hybridisation properties of higher quality relative to wild-type DNA-DNA and RNA-DNA duplexes and phosphorus-modified ON duplexes containing methylphosphonates, phosphoramidates and phosphate triesters. Dwg. 0/9

L5 ANSWER 4 OF 58 WPIDS COPYRIGHT 2005 THE THOMSON CORP on STN

AN 1992-096911 [12] WPIDS

CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-415799 [50];
1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18]; 1993-152487 [18];
1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40]; 1994-026130 [03];
1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41]; 1994-333091 [41];
1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41]; 1995-066911 [09];
1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27]; 1995-215086 [28];
1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39]; 1995-402802 [51];
1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02]; 1997-042296 [04];
1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39]; 1998-008042 [01];
1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02]; 1999-080503 [07];

1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10]; 1999-166721 [14];
1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33]; 1999-403817 [34];
1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45]; 1999-561076 [47];
2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14]; 2000-237346 [20];
2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58]; 2000-672833 [65];
2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41]; 2001-407099 [43];
2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07]; 2002-215022 [27];
2002-517809 [55]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];
2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
2003-831271 [77]; 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25];
2004-466815 [44]; 2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]

DNC C1992-045037

TI Nuclease resistant 2'-deoxy-furanosyl modified oligo
-nucleotide(s) - are specifically hybridised with DNA and RNA sequences to
modulate gene expression, for treating e.g. HIV, herpes and
papillomavirus.

DC B02 B03 B04 D16

IN COOK, P D; KAWASAKI, A; KAWASAKI, A M; MANOHARAN, M; MOHAN, V

PA (ISIS-N) ISIS PHARM INC; (COOK-I) COOK P D; (KAWA-I) KAWASAKI A M;
(MANO-I) MANOHARAN M; (MOHA-I) MOHAN V

CYC 23

PI WO 9203568 A 19920305 (199212)* 73
RW: AT CH DE DK ES GB GR LU NL SE
W: AU BR CA FI HU JP KR NO US
AU 9184403 A 19920317 (199226)
EP 549615 A1 19930707 (199327) EN 73
R: AT BE CH DE DK ES FR GB GR IT LI LU NL SE
BR 9106826 A 19940125 (199408)
JP 06502758 W 19940331 (199418) 22
AU 661662 B 19950803 (199539)
US 5670633 A 19970923 (199744) 20
EP 549615 A4 19970827 (199814)
US 2003096979 A1 20030522 (200336)

ADT WO 9203568 A WO 1991-US5720 19910812; AU 9184403 A AU 1991-84403 19910812,
WO 1991-US5720 19910812; EP 549615 A1 EP 1991-915355 19910812, WO
1991-US5720 19910812; BR 9106826 A BR 1991-6826 19910812, WO 1991-US5720
19910812; JP 06502758 W JP 1991-514521 19910812, WO 1991-US5720 19910812;
AU 661662 B AU 1991-84403 19910812; US 5670633 A CIP of US 1990-463358
19900111, CIP of US 1990-566977 19900813, WO 1991-US5720 19910812, US
1992-835932 19920305; EP 549615 A4 EP 1991-915355 19910812; US 2003096979
A1 Div ex US 1992-835932 19920305, CIP of US 1997-936166 19970923, CIP of
US 1999-303586 19990503, US 2001-970971 20011004

FDT AU 9184403 A Based on WO 9203568; EP 549615 A1 Based on WO 9203568; BR
9106826 A Based on WO 9203568; JP 06502758 W Based on WO 9203568; AU
661662 B Previous Publ. AU 9184403, Based on WO 9203568; US 5670633 A
Based on WO 9203568; US 2003096979 A1 Div ex US 5670633, CIP of US
6307040, CIP of US 6369209

PRAI US 1990-566977 19900813; US 1990-463358 19900111;
US 1992-835932 19920305

AN 1992-096911 [12] WPI DS

CR 1991-237978 [32]; 1992-080013 [10]; 1992-096815 [12]; 1992-415799 [50];
1992-415800 [50]; 1993-018137 [02]; 1993-152175 [18]; 1993-152487 [18];
1993-227263 [28]; 1993-303152 [38]; 1993-320768 [40]; 1994-026130 [03];
1994-048786 [06]; 1994-135570 [16]; 1994-332803 [41]; 1994-333091 [41];
1994-333094 [41]; 1994-333100 [41]; 1994-333101 [41]; 1995-066911 [09];
1995-115256 [15]; 1995-115397 [15]; 1995-206893 [27]; 1995-215086 [28];
1995-246328 [32]; 1995-292881 [38]; 1995-302445 [39]; 1995-402802 [51];
1996-200879 [20]; 1997-011289 [01]; 1997-020468 [02]; 1997-042296 [04];
1997-042838 [04]; 1997-363002 [33]; 1997-424765 [39]; 1998-080042 [01];
1998-260961 [23]; 1998-296838 [26]; 1999-024070 [02]; 1999-080503 [07];
1999-080505 [07]; 1999-120005 [10]; 1999-120932 [10]; 1999-166721 [14];
1999-214073 [18]; 1999-228583 [19]; 1999-394857 [33]; 1999-403817 [34];
1999-404471 [34]; 1999-517980 [43]; 1999-539598 [45]; 1999-561076 [47];
2000-072074 [06]; 2000-106010 [09]; 2000-160501 [14]; 2000-237346 [20];
2000-410235 [35]; 2000-586484 [55]; 2000-610851 [58]; 2000-672833 [65];
2001-025027 [03]; 2001-138117 [14]; 2001-388462 [41]; 2001-407099 [43];
2001-528597 [58]; 2001-624246 [72]; 2002-054477 [07]; 2002-215022 [27];
2002-517809 [55]; 2002-519372 [55]; 2002-565044 [60]; 2002-657606 [70];

2003-438873 [41]; 2003-521529 [49]; 2003-531084 [50]; 2003-566474 [53];
2003-831271 [77]; 2004-079586 [08]; 2004-106519 [11]; 2004-267636 [25];
2004-466815 [44]; 2004-561278 [54]; 2004-632911 [61]; 2005-180828 [19]

AB

WO 9203568 A UPAB: 20050406

A nuclease resistant oligonucleotide or its analogue, for modulating the activity of a selected sequence of RNA or DNA, has, (a) sequence of nucleotide bases specifically hybridisable with the selected sequence, and (b) at least one modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moiety.

Modification (b) comprises substitution by H, OH, halo, azid, amino (opt. substd.), CN, halomethyl, cyanato, alkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkoxy, alkylsulphanyl, alkylsulphonyl, nitrate, nitrile, ammonium, allyloxy or alkenoxy. Pref. modification is by substn. with H, OH, halo, N3, amino, allyloxy, OMe, or alkyl, and is at the 3' end of the oligonucleotide. In addition the phosphodiester linking gps. may be modified to phosphorothioate, methylphosphonate, or phosphate alkylate, or replaced with carbon or ether linkages, or a 5'-methylene gp. and/or carbocyclic sugar removed. The oligonucleotide or its analogue, have about 5-50 nucleotide bases.

USE - The oligonucleotides are nuclease resistant, and are useful as antisense oligonucleotides useful as therapeutics, diagnostics and research reagents. They modulate the activity of DNA and RNA, in turn modulating the production of proteins especially those which either directly or through their enzyme functions cause disease in animals including humans. The antisense-binding may be for direct inhibition of protein production for therapy, or to detect the presence or absence of abnormal RNA, or inappropriate expression of normal RNA, in organisms or cells. The selected sequence of RNA or DNA may combine a portion of the genome of HIV, herpes virus, or papilloma virus, for use in treatment and diagnosis.

Dwg. 0/0

ABEQ EP 549615 A UPAB: 19931116

A nuclease resistant oligonucleotide or its analogue, for modulating the activity of a selected sequence of RNA or DNA, has (a) sequence of nucleotide bases specifically hybridisable with the selected sequence, and (b) at least one modified 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moiety.

Modification (b) comprises substitution by H, OH, halo, azide, amino (opt. substd.), CN, halomethyl, cyanato, alkoxy, alkylthio, haloalkoxy, alkylsulphanyl, alkylsulphonyl, nitrate, nitrile, ammonium, allyloxy or alkenoxy. Pref. modification is by substn. with H, OH, halo, N3, amino, allyloxy, OMe or alkyl, and is at the 3' end of the oligo nucleotide.

In addn. the phosphodiester linking gps. may be modified to phosphorothioate, methylphosphonate, or phosphate alkylate, or replaced with carbon or ether linkages, or a 5'-methylene gp. and/or carbocyclic sugar removed. The oligo nucleotide or its analogue, have about 5-50 nucleotide bases.

USE - The oligo nucleotides are nuclease resistant, and are useful as antisense oligonucleotides useful as therapeutics, diagnostics and research reagents. They modulate the activity of DNA and RNA, in turn modulating the prodn. of proteins esp. those which either directly or through their enzyme functions cause disease in animals including humans.

ABEQ US 5670633 A UPAB: 19971105

An oligonucleotide that hybridizes with RNA or DNA, having 5 to 50 covalently-bound nucleosides that individually include a ribose or deoxyribose sugar portion and a base portion. The sugar portions of the nucleosides are joined together by 3'-5' internucleoside linkages such that the base portions of the nucleosides form a mixed base sequence that is complementary to an RNA base sequence or to a DNA base sequence, at least two of the nucleosides include a modified deoxyfuranosyl moiety bearing a 2'-fluoro substituent and a duplex formed between the oligonucleotide and its complement exhibits greater thermal stability than a duplex formed between the complement and an oligonucleotide that does not include 2'-fluoro substituents.

Dwg. 0/0

L5 ANSWER 5 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2005:87309 USPATFULL
TI Carbamate-derivatized nucleosides and oligonucleosides
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Vista, CA, UNITED STATES

Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2005074771 A1 20050407
AI US 2003-628043 A1 20030725 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2001-934138, filed on 21 Aug 2001, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6803198 Division of Ser. No. US 2000-688394, filed on 16 Oct 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6322987 Division of Ser. No. US 1999-372856, filed on 12 Aug 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6166188 Division of Ser. No. US 1996-713742, filed on 13 Sep 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6111085
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE - 46TH FLOOR, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1261
AB Nucleosides and oligonucleosides functionalized to include carbamate functionality, and derivatives thereof. In certain embodiments, the compounds of the invention further include steroids, reporter molecules, reporter enzymes, lipophilic molecules, peptides or proteins attached to the nucleosides through the carbamate group.

L5 ANSWER 6 OF 58 USPATFULL ON STN
AN 2005:75168 USPATFULL
TI Continuous and non-continuous flow bioreactor
IN Dettloff, Roger, Emerald Hills, CA, UNITED STATES
Kirby, Celeste, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES
Gentalen, Erik, Redwood City, CA, UNITED STATES
Rosoff, Monica, Half Moon Bay, CA, UNITED STATES
PA Caliper Life Sciences, Inc., Mountain View, CA (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2005064465 A1 20050324
AI US 2004-884170 A1 20040702 (10)
PRAI US 2003-484729P 20030702 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP CALIPER LIFE SCIENCES, INC., 605 FAIRCHILD DRIVE, MOUNTAIN VIEW, CA, 94043-2234
CLMN Number of Claims: 27
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2807
AB Methods and systems for performing continuous amplification of RNA and other nucleic acids are provided. Expression profiling using the continuous flow RNA amplification systems are also provided.

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 58 USPATFULL ON STN
AN 2004:247178 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2004191773 A1 20040930
AI US 2003-371526 A1 20030221 (10)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2002-78949, filed on 20 Feb 2002, PENDING
Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING
Division of Ser. No. US 1997-870608, filed on 6 Jun 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6107094 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on 6 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5898031
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP COZEN O'CONNOR, P.C., 1900 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103-3508
CLMN Number of Claims: 93
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3918
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and

oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 8 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
 AN 2004:12990 USPATFULL
 TI Allosteric nucleic acid sensor molecules
 IN Seiwert, Scott, Pacifica, CA, UNITED STATES
 Vaish, Narendra, Denver, CO, UNITED STATES
 Zinnen, Shawn, Denver, CO, UNITED STATES
 Jadhav, Vasant, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
 Kossen, Karl, Westminster, CO, UNITED STATES
 PI US 2004009510 A1 20040115
 AI US 2003-422050 A1 20030423 (10)
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2002-US35529, filed on 5 Nov 2002,
 PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-286492, filed on 1 Nov
 2002, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-283858, filed on
 30 Oct 2002, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2002-56761,
 filed on 23 Jan 2002, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
 2001-992160, filed on 5 Nov 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser.
 No. US 2001-877526, filed on 8 Jun 2001, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part
 of Ser. No. US 2001-800594, filed on 6 Mar 2001, ABANDONED
 PRAI US 2000-187128P 20000306 (60)
 DT Utility
 FS APPLICATION
 LREP MCDONNELL BOEHNNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF, 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE, SUITE
 3200, CHICAGO, IL, 60606
 CLMN Number of Claims: 30
 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
 DRWN 42 Drawing Page(s)
 LN.CNT 5157

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleic acid sensor molecules and methods are provided for the detection
 and amplification of signaling agents using enzymatic nucleic acid
 constructs, including Halfzymes, multicomponent nucleic acid sensor
 molecules, hammerhead enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, inozymes,
 G-cleaver enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, zinzymes, amberzymes and
 DNazymes. Also provided are kits for detection and amplification. The
 nucleic acid sensor molecules, methods and kits provided herein can be
 used in diagnostics, nucleic acid circuits, nucleic acid computers,
 therapeutics, target validation, target discovery, drug optimization,
 single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) detection, single nucleotide
 polymorphism (SNP) scoring, and proteome scoring as well as other uses
 described herein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 9 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
 AN 2004:7963 USPATFULL
 TI Method for sequential support-bound synthesis of conjugated oligomeric
 compounds
 IN Maier, Martin A., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
 Guzaev, Andrei P., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES

Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2004006203 A1 20040108
AI US 2002-176419 A1 20020620 (10)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE - 46TH FLOOR, PHILADELPHIA, PA,
19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 45
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 5 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2821

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB A sequential support-bound synthesis method is disclosed for preparing a conjugated oligomeric compound, preferably a PNA-peptide conjugate or an oligonucleotide-peptide conjugate, using a bridging molecule having at least two N-protecting amino groups. A conjugated oligomeric compound for therapeutic or prophylactic delivery is also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 10 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:309147 USPATFULL
TI Universal support media for synthesis of oligomeric compounds
IN Guzaev, Andrei P., Vista, CA, United States
Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 6653468 B1 20031125
AI US 2002-260076 20020930 (10)
PRAI US 2002-400312P 20020731 (60)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Lambkin, Deborah C.
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 40
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3107

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compounds for the synthesis of oligomeric compounds, particularly oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide mimetics, are provided. In addition, methods for functionalizing a support medium with a first monomeric subunit and methods for the synthesis of oligomeric compounds utilizing the novel compounds bound to support media are provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 11 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:258639 USPATFULL
TI 207 human secreted proteins
IN Ni, Jian, Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES
Ebner, Reinhard, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
LaFleur, David W., Washington, DC, UNITED STATES
Moore, Paul A., Germantown, MD, UNITED STATES
Olsen, Henrik S., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
Rosen, Craig A., Laytonsville, MD, UNITED STATES
Ruben, Steven M., Olney, MD, UNITED STATES
Soppet, Daniel R., Centreville, VA, UNITED STATES
Young, Paul E., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
Shi, Yanggu, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
Florence, Kimberly A., Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES
Wei, Ying-Fei, Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES
Florence, Charles, Rockville, MD, UNITED STATES
Hu, Jing-Shan, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES
Li, Yi, Sunnyvale, CA, UNITED STATES
Kyaw, Hla, Frederick, MD, UNITED STATES
Fischer, Carrie L., Burke, VA, UNITED STATES
Ferrie, Ann M., Painted Post, NY, UNITED STATES

Fan, Ping, Potomac, MD, UNITED STATES
 Feng, Ping, Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
 Endress, Gregory A., Florence, MA, UNITED STATES
 Dillon, Patrick J., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
 Carter, Kenneth C., North Potomac, MD, UNITED STATES
 Brewer, Laurie A., St. Paul, MN, UNITED STATES
 Yu, Guo-Liang, Berkeley, CA, UNITED STATES
 Zeng, Zhizhen, Lansdale, PA, UNITED STATES
 Greene, John M., Gaithersburg, MD, UNITED STATES
 PI US 2003181692 Al 20030925
 AI US 2001-933767 Al 20010822 (9)
 RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2001-US5614, filed on 21 Feb 2001,
 PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-205258, filed on 4 Dec
 1998, PENDING
 PRAI US 2000-184836P 20000224 (60)
 US 2000-193170P 20000329 (60)
 US 1997-48885P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-49375P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-48881P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-48880P 19970606 (60)
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 US 1997-48895P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-48884P 19970606 (60)
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 US 1997-48877P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-48878P 19970606 (60)
 US 1997-57645P 19970905 (60)
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 US 1997-57761P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57760P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57776P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57778P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57629P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57628P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57777P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-57634P 19970905 (60)
 US 1997-70923P 19971218 (60)
 US 1998-92921P 19980715 (60)
 US 1998-94657P 19980730 (60)
 US 1997-70923P 19971218 (60)
 US 1998-92921P 19980715 (60)
 US 1998-94657P 19980730 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HUMAN GENOME SCIENCES INC, 9410 KEY WEST AVENUE, ROCKVILLE, MD, 20850

CLMN Number of Claims: 23

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 32746

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention relates to novel human secreted proteins and isolated nucleic acids containing the coding regions of the genes encoding such proteins. Also provided are vectors, host cells, antibodies, and recombinant methods for producing human secreted proteins. The invention further relates to diagnostic and therapeutic methods useful for diagnosing and treating diseases, disorders, and/or conditions related to these novel human secreted proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:244271 USPATFULL

TI Enhanced triple-helix and double-helix formation with oligomers containing **modified** pyrimidines

IN Froehler, Brian, Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES

Wagner, Rick, Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES

Matteucci, Mark, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES

Jones, Robert J., Millbrae, CA, UNITED STATES

Gutierrez, Arnold J., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

Pudlo, Jeff, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003170680 A1 20030911

US 2004265802 A9 20041230

US 6875593 B2 20050405

AI US 2002-294203 A1 20021114 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2001-24818, filed on 18 Dec 2001, PENDING
 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-559738, filed on 15 Nov 1995, GRANTED, Pat.
 No. US 5684800

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE, 46TH FLOOR, 1650 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103

CLMN Number of Claims: 127

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 29 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3551

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel oligomers are disclosed which have enhanced ability with respect to forming duplexes or triplexes compared with oligomers containing only conventional bases. The oligomers contain the bases 5-(1-propynyl)uracil, 5-(1-propynyl)cytosine or related analogs. The oligomers of the invention are capable of (i) forming triplexes with various target sequences such as virus or oncogene sequences by coupling into the major groove of a target DNA duplex at physiological pH or (ii) forming duplexes by binding to single-stranded DNA or to RNA encoded by target genes. The oligomers of the invention can be incorporated into pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and can be constructed to have any desired sequence, provided the sequence normally includes one or more bases that is replaced with the analogs of the invention. Compositions of the invention can be used as pharmaceutical agents to treat various diseases such as those caused by viruses and can be used for diagnostic purposes in order to detect viruses or disease conditions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 13 OF 58 USPTFULL on STN

AN 2003:237907 USPTFULL

TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer

IN King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES

Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES

Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES

Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES

PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003166064 A1 20030904

AI US 2002-99926 A1 20020314 (10)

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-33528, filed on 26 Dec 2001,

PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed on 31 Jul 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 2001-302051P 20010629 (60)

US 2001-279763P 20010328 (60)

US 2000-223283P 20000803 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092

CLMN Number of Claims: 17

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 8531

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 14 OF 58 USPTFULL on STN

AN 2003:220446 USPTFULL

TI Oligonucleotide and nucleotide amine analogs, methods of synthesis and use

IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES

Cook, P. Dan, San Marcos, CA, UNITED STATES

PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003153737 A1 20030814

US 6828434 B2 20041207

AI US 2002-192437 A1 20020710 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-689964, filed on 12 Oct 2000, GRANTED, Pat.

No. US 6495671 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-397277, filed on 9 Mar 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6235886 A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1993-US8367, filed on 3 Sep 1993, PENDING A 371 of International Ser. No. US 1992-943516, filed on 11 Sep 1992, ABANDONED

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION

LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP, One Liberty Place - 46th Floor, Philadelphia, PA, 19103

CLMN Number of Claims: 91

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 3 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2266

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel amine compounds are provided by the present invention. Methods of preparing and using said novel amine compounds are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 15 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:173929 USPATFULL

TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA

IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003119777 A1 20030626

AI US 2002-281297 A1 20021025 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING

Division of Ser. No. US 1997-870608, filed on 6 Jun 1997, GRANTED, Pat.

No. US 6107094 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on 6 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5898031

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION

LREP COZEN O'CONNOR, 1900 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19103

CLMN Number of Claims: 93

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3925

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 16 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:141138 USPATFULL

TI Enhanced triple-helix and double-helix formation with oligomers containing modified pyrimidines

IN Froehler, Brian, Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES

Wagner, Rick, Belmont, CA, UNITED STATES

Matteucci, Mark, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES

Jones, Robert J., Millbrae, CA, UNITED STATES

Gutierrez, Arnold J., San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

Pudlo, Jeff, Burlingame, CA, UNITED STATES

PI US 2003096980 A1 20030522

AI US 2001-24818 A1 20011218 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1996-599738, filed on 12 Feb 1996, GRANTED, Pat.
No. US 6380368
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Joseph Lucci, Esq., Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris, 46th
Floor, One Liberty Place, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 127
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 29 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3552

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel oligomers are disclosed which have enhanced ability with respect to forming duplexes or triplexes compared with oligomers containing only conventional bases. The oligomers contain the bases 5-(1-propynyl)uracil, 5-(1-propynyl)cytosine or related analogs. The oligomers of the invention are capable of (i) forming triplexes with various target sequences such as virus or oncogene sequences by coupling into the major groove of a target DNA duplex at physiological pH or (ii) forming duplexes by binding to single-stranded DNA or to RNA encoded by target genes. The oligomers of the invention can be incorporated into pharmaceutically acceptable carriers and can be constructed to have any desired sequence, provided the sequence normally includes one or more bases that is replaced with the analogs of the invention. Compositions of the invention can be used as pharmaceutical agents to treat various diseases such as those caused by viruses and can be used for diagnostic purposes in order to detect viruses or disease conditions.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 17 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:140942 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2003096784 A1 20030522
AI US 2002-281349 A1 20021025 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING
Division of Ser. No. US 1997-870608, filed on 6 Jun 1997, GRANTED, Pat.
No. US 6107094 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on 6 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5898031
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP COZEN O'CONNOR, 1900 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 93
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3925

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 18 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2003:140446 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2003096287 A1 20030522
AI US 2002-281312 A1 20021025 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING
Division of Ser. No. US 1997-870608, filed on 6 Jun 1997, GRANTED, Pat.
No. US 6107094 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on
6 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5898031
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP COZEN O'CONNOR, 1900 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 93
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3909

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 19 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:140445 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2003096286 A1 20030522
AI US 2002-280600 A1 20021025 (10)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING
Division of Ser. No. US 1997-870608, filed on 6 Jun 1997, GRANTED, Pat.
No. US 6107094 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on
6 Jun 1996, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5898031
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP COZEN O'CONNOR, 1900 Market Street, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 93
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 8 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3943

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity

for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 20 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:106233 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of pancreatic cancer
IN Benson, Darin R., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Kalos, Michael D., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Lodes, Michael J., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Persing, David H., Redmond, WA, UNITED STATES
Hepler, William T., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Jiang, Yuqiu, Kent, WA, UNITED STATES
PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003073144 A1 20030417
AI US 2002-60036 A1 20020130 (10)
PRAI US 2001-333626P 20011127 (60)
US 2001-305484P 20010712 (60)
US 2001-265305P 20010130 (60)
US 2001-267568P 20010209 (60)
US 2001-313999P 20010820 (60)
US 2001-291631P 20010516 (60)
US 2001-287112P 20010428 (60)
US 2001-278651P 20010321 (60)
US 2001-265682P 20010131 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 14253

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly pancreatic cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more pancreatic tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly pancreatic cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 21 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:93794 USPATFULL
TI Nucleic acid sensor molecules
IN Usman, Nassim, Lafayette, CO, UNITED STATES
McSwiggen, James A., Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Zinnen, Shawn, Denver, CO, UNITED STATES
Seiwert, Scott, Lyons, CO, UNITED STATES
Haeberli, Peter, Berthoud, CO, UNITED STATES
Chowrira, Bharat, Broomfield, CO, UNITED STATES
Blatt, Lawrence, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Vaish, Narendra K., Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
PI US 2003065155 A1 20030403
AI US 2002-56761 A1 20020123 (10)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-992160, filed on 5 Nov 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-877526, filed on 8 Jun 2001, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-800594, filed on 6 Mar 2001, PENDING
PRAI WO 2001-US7163 20010306
US 2000-187128P 20000306 (60)

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MCDONNELL BOEHNNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF, 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE, SUITE
3200, CHICAGO, IL, 60606
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 55 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 5302

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleic acid sensor molecules and methods are provided for the detection and amplification of signaling agents using enzymatic nucleic acid constructs, including hammerhead enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, inozymes, G-cleaver enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, zinzymes, amberzymes and DNAzymes. Also provided are kits for detection and amplification. The nucleic acid sensor molecules, methods and kits provided herein can be used in diagnostics, nucleic acid circuits, nucleic acid computers, therapeutics, target validation, target discovery, drug optimization, single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) detection, single nucleotide polymorphism (SNP) scoring, and proteome scoring as well as other uses described herein.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 22 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:65581 USPATFULL
TI Backbone modified oligonucleotide analogues
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
Sanghvi, Yogesh Shantilal, San Marcos, CA, UNITED STATES
Vasseur, Jean Jacques, Montpellier, FRANCE
Debart, Francoise, Montpellier, FRANCE
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003045705 A1 20030306
AI US 2002-153320 A1 20020522 (10)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-58470, filed on 10 Apr 1998, ABANDONED
Division of Ser. No. US 1996-763354, filed on 11 Dec 1996, GRANTED, Pat.
No. US 5965721 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1994-150079, filed on 7 Apr
1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5610289 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
1991-703619, filed on 21 May 1991, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5378825
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566836, filed on 13 Aug 1990,
GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5223618 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
1990-558663, filed on 27 Jul 1990, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5138045

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE, 46TH FLOOR, 1650 MARKET
STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 96
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2948

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Therapeutic oligonucleotide analogues which have improved nuclease resistance and improved cellular uptake are provided. Replacement of the normal phosphorodiester inter-sugar linkages found in natural oligomers with four atom linking groups forms unique di- and poly-nucleosides and nucleotides useful in regulating RNA expression and in therapeutics. Methods of synthesis and use are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 23 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:57413 USPATFULL
TI Carbamate-derivatized nucleosides and oligonucleosides
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Vista, CA, UNITED STATES
Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003039977 A1 20030227
US 6803198 B2 20041012
AI US 2001-934138 A1 20010821 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-688394, filed on 16 Oct 2000, GRANTED, Pat.
NÖ. US 6322987
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz, Mackiewicz & Norris LLP, One Liberty Place -
46th Floor, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 34
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1289

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleosides and oligonucleosides functionalized to include carbamate
functionality, and derivatives thereof. In certain embodiments, the
compounds of the invention further include steroids, reporter molecules,
reporter enzymes, lipophilic molecules, peptides or proteins attached to
the nucleosides through the carbamate group.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 24 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:10600 USPATFULL
TI Nucleic acid sensor molecules
IN Usman, Nassim, Lafayette, CO, UNITED STATES
McSwiggen, James A., Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Zinnen, Shawn, Denver, CO, UNITED STATES
Seiwert, Scott, Lyons, CO, UNITED STATES
Haeberli, Peter, Berthoud, CO, UNITED STATES
Chowrira, Bharat, Broomfield, CO, UNITED STATES
Blatt, Lawrence, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Vaish, Narendra, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
PI US 2003008295 A1 20030109
AI US 2001-992160 A1 20011105 (9)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-877526, filed on 8 Jun 2001,
PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-800594, filed on 6 Mar
2001, PENDING
PRAI WO 2001-US7163 20010306
US 2000-187128P 20000306 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERGHOPF, 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE, SUITE
3200, CHICAGO, IL, 60606
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 42 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4858

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleic acid sensor molecules and methods are disclosed for the
detection and amplification of signaling agents using enzymatic nucleic
acid constructs, including hammerhead enzymatic nucleic acid molecules,
inozymes, G-cleaver enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, zinzymes,
amberzymes and DNazymes; kits for detection and amplification; use in
diagnostics, nucleic acid circuits, nucleic acid computers,
therapeutics, target validation, target discovery, drug optimization,
SNP detection, SNP scoring, proteome scoring and other uses are
disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 25 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2003:4281 USPATFULL
TI Sugar **modified oligonucleotides**
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, San Marcos, CA, UNITED STATES
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, UNITED STATES
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc.. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2003004325 A1 20030102
AI US 2001-996263 A1 20011128 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-135202, filed on 17 Aug 1998, PENDING
Division of Ser. No. US 1995-471973, filed on 6 Jun 1995, PATENTED

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-835932, filed on 5 Mar 1992,
-PATENTED A 371 of International Ser. No. WO 1991-US5720, filed on 12 Aug
1991, UNKNOWN Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on
13 Aug 1990, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-244993,
filed on 21 Jun 1994, PATENTED A 371 of International Ser. No. WO
1992-US11339, filed on 23 Dec 1992, UNKNOWN Continuation-in-part of Ser.
No. US 1991-814961, filed on 24 Dec 1991, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part
of Ser. No. US 1992-854634, filed on 1 Jul 1992, ABANDONED A 371 of
International Ser. No. WO 1991-US243, filed on 11 Jan 1991, UNKNOWN
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990,
ABANDONED

DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP, One Liberty Place - 46th Floor, Philadelphia, PA,
19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 7
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3452

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of
diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins.
In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and
oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable
with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the
2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment
of diseases caused by various viruses and other causative agents is
provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 26 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:346781 USPATFULL
TI Methods for diagnosing cancer or precancer based upon hnRNP protein
expression
IN Mulshine, James L., Bethesda, MD, United States
Tockman, Melvyn S., Tampa, FL, United States
PA The United States of America as represented by the Department of Health
and Human Services, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. government)
PI US 6500625 B1 20021231
AI US 2000-542552 20000403 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1999-255609, filed on 19 Feb 1999 Division
of Ser. No. US 1995-538711, filed on 2 Oct 1995, now patented, Pat. No.
US 5994062, issued on 30 Nov 1999
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Caputa, Anthony C.; Assistant Examiner: Harris, Alana
M.
LREP Leydig, Voit & Mayer, Ltd.
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 26 Drawing Figure(s); 17 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2523

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is a purified and isolated epithelial protein,
peptide and variants thereof whose increased presence in an epithelial
cell is indicative of precancer. One epithelial protein which is an
early detection marker for lung cancer was purified from two human lung
cancer cell lines, NCI-H720 and NCI-H157. Using a six-step procedure,
the epithelial protein was purified using a Western blot detection
system under both non-reducing and reducing conditions. Purification
steps included anion exchange chromatography, preparative isoelectric
focusing, polymer-based C.sub.18 HPLC and analytic C.sub.4 HPLC. After
an approximately 25,000 fold purification the immunostaining protein was
>90% pure as judged by Coomassie blue staining after reducing SDS-PAGE.
The primary epithelial protein shares some sequence homology with the
heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein (hnRNP) A2. A minor co-purifying
epithelial protein shares some sequence homology with the splice variant

hnRNP-B1. Molecular analysis of primary normal bronchial epithelial cell cultures demonstrated low levels of epithelial protein expression, consistent with immunohistochemical staining of clinical samples, and an increased level of expression in most lung cancer cells. The epithelial protein is a marker of epithelial transformation in lung, breast, bone, ovary, prostate, kidney, melanoma and myeloma and may be causal in the process of carcinogenesis. Methods are provided for monitoring the expression of the epithelial protein, peptides and variants using molecular and immunological techniques as a screen for precancer and cancer in mammals.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 27 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:332819 USPATFULL
TI Oligonucleotide and nucleotide amine analogs, methods of synthesis and use
IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Cook, P. Dan, San Marcos, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6495671 B1 20021217
AI US 2000-689964 20001012 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 397277, now patented, Pat. No. US 6235886
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-943516, filed on 11 Sep 1992, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 4
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1759

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel amine compounds are provided by the present invention. Methods of preparing and using said novel amine compounds are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 28 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:323331 USPATFULL
TI Backbone-modified oligonucleotide analogs and methods for using same
IN Mesmaeker, Alain De, Kaernerkinden, SWITZERLAND
Lebreton, Jacques, Marseille, FRANCE
Waldner, Adrian, Allschwil, SWITZERLAND
Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2002183502 A1 20021205
AI US 2002-155950 A1 20020524 (10)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1996-768780, filed on 13 Dec 1996, ABANDONED
Division of Ser. No. US 1994-140206, filed on 25 Apr 1994, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5602240
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-703619, filed on 21 May 1991, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5378825
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP WOODCOCK WASHBURN LLP, ONE LIBERTY PLACE, 46TH FLOOR, 1650 MARKET STREET, PHILADELPHIA, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 21
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2684

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Therapeutic oligonucleotide analogs which have improved nuclease resistance and improved cellular uptake are provided. Replacement of phosphodiester inter-sugar linkages found in wild type oligomers with four atom linking groups forms unique di- and poly-nucleosides and nucleotides useful in regulating RNA expression and in therapeutics.

Methods of synthesis and use are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 29 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:295143 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
PI US 2002165189 A1 20021107
AI US 2002-78949 A1 20020220 (10)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-479783, filed on 7 Jan 2000, PENDING
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP, One Liberty Place, 46th Floor, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 93
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3922

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 30 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:288102 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for modulating RNA
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
Bruice, Thomas, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
Guinosso, Charles John, Vista, CA, UNITED STATES
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, UNITED STATES
Griffey, Richard, San Marcos, CA, UNITED STATES
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc. (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002160972 A1 20021031
US 6610663 B2 20030826
AI US 2001-974326 A1 20011010 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-295744, filed on 30 Aug 1994, PENDING
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-942961, filed on 10 Sep 1992, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5514786
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-846556, filed on 5 Mar 1992, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5359051
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1991-US243, filed on 11 Jan 1991, UNKNOWN
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, ABANDONED
PRAI WO 1993-US2057 19930305
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP, 46th Floor, One Liberty Place, Philadelphia, PA, 19103
CLMN Number of Claims: 60
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 23 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2569

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for modulating the activity of RNA are disclosed. In accordance with preferred embodiments, antisense compositions are prepared comprising targeting and reactive portions. The reactive portions preferably comprise one or two imidazole functionalities conjugated to the targeting oligonucleotide via linkers with or without intervening intercalating moieties. Therapeutics, diagnostics and research methods also are disclosed, as are synthetic nucleosides and nucleoside fragments that can be elaborated into oligonucleotides.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 31 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:272801 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer
IN Stolk, John A., Bothell, WA, UNITED STATES
Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
Chenault, Ruth A., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002150922 A1 20021017
AI US 2001-998598 A1 20011116 (9)
PRAI US 2001-304037P 20010710 (60)
US 2001-279670P 20010328 (60)
US 2001-267011P 20010206 (60)
US 2000-252222P 20001120 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 9233

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 32 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:243051 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of ovarian cancer
IN Algate, Paul A., Issaquah, WA, UNITED STATES
Jones, Robert, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Harlocker, Susan L., Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES, 98104 (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002132237 A1 20020919
AI US 2001-867701 A1 20010529 (9)
PRAI US 2000-207484P 20000526 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300,
SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 25718

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly ovarian cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions

comprise one or more ovarian tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly ovarian cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 33 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:242791 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of colon cancer
IN King, Gordon E., Shoreline, WA, UNITED STATES
Meagher, Madeleine Joy, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
Xu, Jiangchun, Bellevue, WA, UNITED STATES
Secrist, Heather, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES
PA Corixa Corporation, Seattle, WA, UNITED STATES (U.S. corporation)
PI US 2002131971 A1 20020919
AI US 2001-33528 A1 20011226 (10)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-920300, filed on 31 Jul 2001, PENDING
PRAI US 2001-302051P 20010629 (60)
US 2001-279763P 20010328 (60)
US 2000-223283P 20000803 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP SEED INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY LAW GROUP PLLC, 701 FIFTH AVE, SUITE 6300, SEATTLE, WA, 98104-7092
CLMN Number of Claims: 17
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 8083

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, particularly colon cancer, are disclosed. Illustrative compositions comprise one or more colon tumor polypeptides, immunogenic portions thereof, polynucleotides that encode such polypeptides, antigen presenting cell that expresses such polypeptides, and T cells that are specific for cells expressing such polypeptides. The disclosed compositions are useful, for example, in the diagnosis, prevention and/or treatment of diseases, particularly colon cancer.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 34 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:239161 USPATFULL
TI Sugar-modified gapped oligonucleotides
IN Martin, Pierre, Rheinfelden, SWITZERLAND
Altmann, Karl-Heinz, Reinach, SWITZERLAND
Cook, Phillip Dan, Vista, CA, United States
Monia, Brett P., Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA ISTS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
Novartis AG, SWITZERLAND (non-U.S. corporation)
PI US 6451991 B1 20020917
AI US 1997-802331 19970211 (8)
PRAI US 1996-11620P 19960214 (60)
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.
LREP Woodcock Washburn, LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 14
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 15 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2128

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotides are provided which have increased nuclease resistance, substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary

nucleic acid strand, and subsequences of 2'-deoxy-erythro-pentofuranosyl nucleosides that activate RNase H. Such oligonucleotides are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 35 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:191503 USPATFULL
TI Nucleic acid sensor molecules
IN Usman, Nassim, Lafayette, CO, UNITED STATES
McSwiggen, James A., Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Zinnen, Shawn, Denver, CO, UNITED STATES
Seiwert, Scott, Lyons, CO, UNITED STATES
Haeberli, Peter, Berthoud, CO, UNITED STATES
Chowrira, Bharat, Broomfield, CO, UNITED STATES
Blatt, Lawrence, Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
Vaish, Narendra K., Boulder, CO, UNITED STATES
PI US 2002102568 A1 20020801
AI US 2001-877526 A1 20010608 (9)
PRAI WO 2001-US7163 20010306
US 2000-187128P 20000306 (60)
DT Utility
FS APPLICATION
LREP MCDONNELL BOEHNEN HULBERT & BERGHOFF, 300 SOUTH WACKER DRIVE, SUITE
3200, CHICAGO, IL, 60606
CLMN Number of Claims: 54
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 40 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 4865

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleic acid sensor molecules and methods are disclosed for the detection and amplification of signaling agents using enzymatic nucleic acid constructs, including hammerhead enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, inozymes, G-cleaver enzymatic nucleic acid molecules, zinzymes, amberzymes and DNazymes; kits for detection and amplification; use in diagnostics, nucleic acid circuits, nucleic acid computers, therapeutics, target validation, target discovery, drug optimization, SNP detection, SNP scoring, proteome scoring and other uses are disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 36 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:130085 USPATFULL
TI Oligonucleotide and nucleotide amine analogs, methods of synthesis and use
IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA Cook, P. Dan, San Marcos, CA, United States
ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6399757 B1 20020604
AI US 2000-689964 20001012 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 397277, now patented, Pat. No. US 6235886
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-943516, filed on 11 Sep 1992, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 4
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1759

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel amine compounds are provided by the present invention. Methods of

preparing and using said novel amine compounds are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 37 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:130082 USPATFULL
TI Sugar **modified oligonucleotides**
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, San Marcos, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6399754 B1 20020604
AI US 1998-135202 19980817 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1995-471973, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5872232 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-465880, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5955589 Division of Ser. No. US 244993, now patented, Pat. No. US 5623065 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-814961, filed on 24 Dec 1991, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wang, Andrew
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 8
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3678

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment of diseases caused by various viruses and other causative agents is provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 38 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2002:57767 USPATFULL
TI Compositions and methods for modulating RNA
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Bruice, Thomas, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Guinosso, Charles John, Vista, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States
Griffey, Richard, San Marcos, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6358931 B1 20020319
WO 9317717 19930916
AI US 1994-295744 19940830 (8)
WO 1993-US2057 19930305
19940830 PCT 371 date
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-942961, filed on 10 Sep 1992
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-846556, filed on 5 Mar 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5359051 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1991-US243, filed on 11 Jan 1991 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
LREP Woodcock Washburn LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 50
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 23 Drawing Figure(s); 23 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2691

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for modulating the activity of RNA are

disclosed, In accordance with preferred embodiments, antisense compositions are prepared targeting reactive portions. The reactive portions preferably comprise one or two imidazole functionalities conjugated to the targeting oligonucleotide via linkers with or without intervening intercalating moieties. Therapeutics, diagnostics and research methods also are disclosed, as are synthetic nucleosides and nucleoside fragments that can be elaborated into oligonucleotides.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 39 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:185471 USPATFULL
TI Sugar **modified oligonucleotides** that detect and modulate gene expression
IN Cook, Philip Dan, Vista, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew M., Oceanside, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6307040 B1 20011023
AI US 1997-936166 19970923 (8)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1992-835932, filed on 5 Mar 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5670633 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 566977, now abandoned Continuation of Ser. No. US 936166 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-468037, filed on 6 Jun 1995
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Guzo, David; Assistant Examiner: Wang, Andrew
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 8
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1995

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment of HIV, herpes virus, papillomavirus and other infections is provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 40 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:112505 USPATFULL
TI Compound for detecting and modulating RNA activity and gene expression
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Ecker, David J., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Guinosso, Charles John, Vista, CA, United States
Acevedo, Oscar Leobardo, San Diego, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew, Oceanside, CA, United States
Ramassamy, Kandasamy, Laguna Hills, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6262241 B1 20010717
AI US 1995-383666 19950203 (8)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-854634, filed on 1 Jul 1992, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 463358, now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 29
ECL Exemplary Claim: 25
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 5473

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for modulating the activity of RNA and DNA are disclosed. In accordance with preferred embodiments, antisense compositions are prepared comprising targeting and reactive portions. Reactive portions which act, alternatively, through phosphodiester bond cleavage, through backbone sugar bond cleavage or through base modification are preferably employed. Groups which improve the pharmacodynamic and pharmacokinetic properties of the oligonucleotides are also useful in accordance with certain embodiments of this invention. Delivery of the reactive or non-reactive functionalities into the minor groove formed by the hybridization of the composition with the target RNA is also preferably accomplished. Therapeutics, diagnostics and research methods are also disclosed. Synthetic nucleosides and nucleoside fragments are also provided useful for elaboration of oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs for such purposes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 41 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:97611 USPATFULL
TI Epithelial protein and DNA thereof for use in early cancer detection
IN Mulshine, James L., Bethesda, MD, United States
Tockman, Melvin S., Baltimore, MD, United States
PA The United States of America as represented by the Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. government)
The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6251586 B1 20010626
AI US 1996-725027 19961002 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-538711, filed on 2 Oct 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5994062
DT Utility
FS GRANTED
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Myers, Carla J.
LREP McAndrews, Held & Malloy, Ltd., Pochopien, Esq., Donald J., Kelly, Mary L.
CLMN Number of Claims: 35
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 35 Drawing Figure(s); 22 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3742

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is a purified and isolated epithelial protein, peptide and variants thereof whose increased presence in an epithelial cell is indicative of precancer. One epithelial protein which is an early detection marked for lung cancer was purified from two human lung cancer cell lines, NCI-H720 and NCI-H157. Using a six-step procedure, the epithelial protein was purified using a Western blot detection system under both non-reducing and reducing conditions. Purification steps included anion exchange chromatography, preparative isoelectric focusing, polymer-based C.sub.18 HPLC and analytic C.sub.4 HPLC. After an approximately 25,000 fold purification the immunostaining protein was >90% pure as judged by coomassie blue staining after reducing SDS-PAGE. The primary epithelial protein share some sequence homology with the heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein (hnRNP) A2. A minor co-purifying epithelial protein shares some sequence homology with the splice variant hnRNP-B1. Molecular analysis of primary normal bronchial epithelial cell cultures demonstrated a low level the epithelial protein expression, consistent with immunohistochemical staining of clinical samples, and an increased level of expression in most lung cancer cells. The epithelial protein is a marker of epithelial transformation in lung, breast, bone, ovary, prostate, kidney, melanoma and myeloma and may be casual in the process of carcinogenesis. Methods are provided for monitoring the expression of the epithelial protein, peptides and variants using molecular and immunological techniques as a screen for precancer and cancer in mammals. A method of computerized diagnoses of cancer and precancer is provided which detects levels of hnRNP messenger RNA.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 42 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:75538 USPATFULL
TI Methods of synthesis and use
IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Cook, P. Dan, San Marcos, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 6235886 B1 20010522
WO 9406815 19940331
AI US 1995-397277 19950309 (8)
WO 1993-US8367 19930903
19950309 PCT 371 date
19950309 PCT 102(e) date
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurt Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 15
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1824

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotide and nucleotide amine analogs and methods of preparing and using these compounds are provided by the present invention.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 43 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:29748 USPATFULL
TI Aminoxy-modified oligonucleotide synthetic
intermediates
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Lake San Marcos, CA, United States
Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 6194598 B1 20010227
AI US 2000-477902 20000105 (9)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1998-16520, filed on 30 Jan 1998
PRAI US 1997-37143P 19970214 (60)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Gitomer, Ralph; Assistant Examiner: Crane, L. E.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 6
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 29 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3095

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleotide compositions containing aminoxy moieties are provided. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the nucleoside moieties of the oligonucleotide is modified to include an aminoxy moiety.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 44 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:4883 USPATFULL
TI Aminoxy-modified oligonucleotides and methods for
making same
IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Cook, Phillip Dan, Lake San Marcos, CA, United States
Prakash, Thazha P., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew M., Oceanside, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.

corporation)
PI US 6172209 B1 20010109
AI US 1998-130973 19980807 (9)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-16520, filed on 30 Jan 1998
PRAI US 1997-37143P 19970214 (60)
DT Patent
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Geist, Gary; Assistant Examiner: Crane, Larson
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 37
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 29 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3602

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotides and other macromolecules are provided which have increased nuclease resistance, substituent groups (such as 2'-aminoxy groups) for increasing binding affinity to complementary strand, and subsequences of 2'-deoxy-erythro-pentofuranosyl nucleotides that activate RNase H. Such oligonucleotides and macromolecules are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2000:132005 USPATFULL
TI 2'-O-aminoxy-modified oligonucleotides
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Escondido, CA, United States
Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6127533 20001003
AI US 1998-16520 19980130 (9)
PRAI US 1997-37143P 19970214 (60)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Crane, L. Eric
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 15
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 29 Drawing Figure(s); 29 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3559

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Nucleotide compositions containing aminoxy moieties are provided. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the nucleoside moieties of the oligonucleotide is modified to include an aminoxy moiety.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 46 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2000:109600 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides and ribonucleases for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6107094 20000822
AI US 1997-870608 19970606 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1996-659440, filed on 6 Jun 1996, now patented, Pat. No. US 5898031
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Elliott, George C.; Assistant Examiner: McGarry, Sean

LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 8
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 15 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3806

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2'-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics. Also included in the invention are mammalian ribonucleases, i.e., enzymes that degrade RNA, and substrates for such ribonucleases. Such a ribonuclease is referred to herein as a dsRNase, wherein "ds" indicates the RNase's specificity for certain double-stranded RNA substrates. The artificial substrates for the dsRNases described herein are useful in preparing affinity matrices for purifying mammalian ribonuclease as well as non-degradative RNA-binding proteins.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 47 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999:167127 USPATFULL
TI 2'-**modified oligonucleotides**
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 6005087 1999i221
AI US 1998-35357 19980305 (9)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1995-468037, filed on 6 Jun 1995, now patented, Pat. No. US 5859221 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 835932
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Degen, Nancy; Assistant Examiner: Wang, Andrew
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 3
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3832

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment of diseases caused by various viruses and other causative agents is provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 48 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999:155446 USPATFULL
TI Epithelial protein and DNA thereof for use in early cancer detection
IN Mulshine, James L., Bethesda, MD, United States
Tockman, Melvin S., Tampa, FL, United States
PA The United States of America as represented by the Department of Health and Human Services, Washington, DC, United States (U.S. government)
The Johns Hopkins University, Baltimore, MD, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5994062 19991130

AI US 1995-538711 19951002 (8)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Myers, Carla J.
LREP McAndrews, Held & Malloy, Ltd.
CLMN Number of Claims: 15
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 31 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2683

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB The present invention is a purified and isolated epithelial protein, peptide and variants thereof whose increased presence in an epithelial cell is at indicative of precancer. One epithelial protein which is an early detection marked for lung cancer was purified from two human lung cancer cell lines, NCI-H720 and NCI-H157. Using a six-step procedure, the epithelial protein was purified using a Western blot detection system under both non-reducing and reducing conditions. Purification steps included anion exchange chromatography, preparative isoelectric focusing, polymer-based C.sub.18 HPLC and analytic C.sub.4 HPLC. After an approximately 25,000 fold purification the immunostaining protein was >90% pure as judged by coomassie blue staining after reducing SDS-PAGE. The primary epithelial protein share some sequence homology with the heterogeneous nuclear ribonucleoprotein (hnRNP) A2. A minor co-purifying epithelial protein shares some sequence homology with the splice variant hnRNP-B1. Molecular analysis of primary normal bronchial epithelial cell cultures demonstrated a low level the epithelial protein expression, consistent with immunohistochemical staining of clinical samples, and an increased level of expression in most lung cancer cells. The epithelial protein is a marker of epithelial transformation in lung, breast, bone, ovary, prostate, kidney, melanoma and myeloma and may be casual in the process of carcinogenesis. Methods are provided for monitoring the expression of the epithelial protein, peptides and variants using molecular and immunological techniques as a screen for precancer and cancer in mammals.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 49 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999.125057 USPATFULL
TI Backbone **modified oligonucleotide** analogues
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Sanghvi, Yogesh Shantilal, San Marcos, CA, United States
Vasseur, Jean Jacques, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Debart, Francoise, Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5965721 19991012
AI US 1996-763354 19961211 (8)
RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1994-150079, filed on 7 Apr 1994, now patented, Pat. No. US 5610289 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-703619, filed on 21 May 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5378825, issued on 13 Jan 1995 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566836, filed on 13 Aug.1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5223618 And Ser. No. US 1990-558663, filed on 27 Jul 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5138045, issued on 11 Aug 1992
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris, LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 11
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3094

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Therapeutic oligonucleotide analogues which have improved nuclease resistance and improved cellular uptake are provided. Replacement of the normal phosphorodiester inter-sugar linkages found in natural oligomers with four atom linking groups forms unique di- and poly-nucleosides and

nucleotides useful in regulating RNA expression and in therapeutics.
Methods of synthesis and use are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 50 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999:113874 USPATFULL
TI Gapped 2' **modified oligonucleotides**
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Vista, CA, United States
Monia, Brett P., Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 5955589 19990921
AI US 1995-465880 19950606 (8)
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 244993
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Low, Christopher S. F.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 15
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 2263

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotides and other macromolecules are provided which have increased nuclease resistance, substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary strand, and subsequences of 2'-deoxy-erythro-pentofuranosyl nucleotides that activate RNase H. Such oligonucleotides and macromolecules are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 51 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999:50839 USPATFULL
TI Oligoribonucleotides for cleaving RNA
IN Crooke, Stanley T., Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 5898031 19990427
AI US 1996-659440 19960606 (8)
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 66
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 12 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3150

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligomeric compounds including oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides are provided that have subsequences of 2-pentoribofuranosyl nucleosides that activate dsRNase. The oligoribonucleotides and oligoribonucleosides can include substituent groups for increasing binding affinity to complementary nucleic acid strand as well as substituent groups for increasing nuclease resistance. The oligomeric compounds are useful for diagnostics and other research purposes, for modulating the expression of a protein in organisms, and for the diagnosis, detection and treatment of other conditions susceptible to oligonucleotide therapeutics.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 52 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1999:4872 USPATFULL
TI 2'-**modified oligonucleotides**

IN Cook, Phillip Dan, San Marcos, CA, United States
PA Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States
ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 5859221 19990112
AI US 1995-468037 19950606 (8) \

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-854634, filed on 1 Jul 1992,
now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-835932,
filed on 5 Mar 1992, now patented, Pat. No. US 5670633 which is a
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990,
now abandoned, said Ser. No. US 854634 which is a continuation-in-part
of Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, now abandoned And Ser.
No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now abandoned

DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: LeGuyader, John L.; Assistant Examiner: Wang, Andrew
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 6
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 9 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3826

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of
diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins.
In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and
oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable
with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least one of the
2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment
of diseases caused by various viruses and other causative agents is
provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 53 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 1998:139037 USPATFULL
TI Amines and methods of making and using the same
IN Manoharan, Muthiah, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Cook, P. Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S.
corporation)
PI US 5834607 19981110
AI US 1994-361858 19941222 (8)
RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1992-943516, filed on 11 Sep 1992, now
abandoned which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-558663,
filed on 27 Jul 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5138045 And a
continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1992-844845, filed on 3 Mar 1992,
now patented, Pat. No. US 5218105

DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Elliott, George C.; Assistant Examiner: Marschel,
Ardin H.
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris LLP
CLMN Number of Claims: 5
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1649

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Novel amine compounds are provided by the present invention. Methods of
preparing and using said novel amine compounds are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 54 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 97:86739 USPATFULL
TI Sugar modified oligonucleotides that detect and
modulate gene expression
IN Cook, Phillip Dan, Carlsbad, CA, United States
Kawasaki, Andrew Mamoru, Oceanside, CA, United States

PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5670633. 19970923
WO 9203568 19920305
AI US 1992-835932 19920305 (7)
WO 1991-US5720 19910812
19920305 PCT 371 date
19920305 PCT 102(e) date
RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now abandoned And Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Stanton, Brian
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris
CLMN Number of Claims: 3
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1990

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods are provided for the treatment and diagnosis of diseases amenable to modulation of the production of selected proteins. In accordance with preferred embodiments, oligonucleotides and oligonucleotide analogs are provided which are specifically hybridizable with a selected sequence of RNA or DNA wherein at least two of the 2'-deoxyfuranosyl moieties of the nucleoside unit is modified. Treatment of HIV, herpes virus, papillomavirus and other infections is provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 55 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 97:25129 USPATFULL
TI Nuclease resistant, pyrimidine modified oligonucleotides that detect and modulate gene expression
IN Cook, Philip D., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Sanghvi, Yogesh S., San Marcos, CA, United States
PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5614617 19970325
WO 9202258 19920220
AI US 1993-971978 19930218 (7)
WO 1991-US4681 19910701
19930218 PCT 371 date
19930218 PCT 102(e) date

DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Rories, Charles
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris
CLMN Number of Claims: 18
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1816

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotide analogs are provided having improved nuclease resistance. Modifications of selected nucleotides through substitutions on the pyrimidine ring are disclosed. Certain preferred embodiments comprise the inclusion of said modified nucleotides at a plurality of sites, especially at the 3' end of a selected oligonucleotide analog.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 56 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 97:20656 USPATFULL
TI Backbone modified oligonucleotide analogues
IN Cook, Phillip D., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Sanghvi, Yogesh S., San Marcos, CA, United States
Vasseur, Jean J., San Marcos, CA, United States
Debart, Francoise, Montpellier, France

PA Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5610283 19970311
AI US 1994-150079 19940407 (8)
WO 1992-US4294 19920521
19940407 PCT 371 date
19940407 PCT 102(e) date

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-703619, filed on 21 May 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5378825, issued on 3 Jan 1995 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566836, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5223618, issued on 29 Jan 1993 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-558663, filed on 27 Jul 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5138045, issued on 11 Aug 1992

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Low, Christopher S. F.

LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris

CLMN Number of Claims: 29

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 3043

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Therapeutic oligonucleotide analogues which have improved nuclease resistance and improved cellular uptake are provided. Replacement of the normal phosphorodiester inter-sugar linkages found in natural oligomers with four atom linking groups forms unique di- and poly- nucleosides and nucleotides useful in regulating RNA expression and in therapeutics. Methods of synthesis and use are also disclosed.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 57 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN

AN 97:12576 USPATFULL

TI Backbone **modified oligonucleotide** analogs

IN De Mesmaeker, Alain, Kaenerkinden, Switzerland

Lebreton, Jacques, Marseilles, France

Waldner, Adrian, Allschwil, Switzerland

Cook, Phillip D., Carlsbad, CA, United States

PA Ciba Geigy AG., Basel, Switzerland (non-U.S. corporation)

Isis Pharmaceuticals, Inc., Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)

PI US 5602240 19970211

WO 9220823 19921126

AI US 1994-140206 19940425 (8)

WO 1992-US4305 19920521

19940425 PCT 371 date

19940425 PCT 102(e) date

RLI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1991-703619, filed on 21 May 1991, now patented, Pat. No. US 5378825 which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566836, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5223618 And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-558663, filed on 27 Jul 1990, now patented, Pat. No. US 5138045

DT Utility

FS Granted

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Wilson, James O.

LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris

CLMN Number of Claims: 20

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 2984

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Oligonucleotide analogs are provided wherein phosphodiester inter-sugar linkages are replaced with four atom linking groups. Such linking groups include NR--C(O)--CH.sub.2 --CH.sub.2, NR--C(S)--CH.sub.2 --CH.sub.2, CH.sub.2 --NR--C(O)--CH.sub.2, CH.sub.2 --NR--C(S)--CH.sub.2, CH.sub.2 --CH.sub.2 --NR--C(O)--R--CH.sub.2, and CH.sub.2 --C(S)--NR--CH.sub.2. Methods for preparing and using these oligonucleotide analogs are also provided.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L5 ANSWER 58 OF 58 USPATFULL on STN
AN 94:93430 USPATFULL
TI Compounds useful in the synthesis of nucleic acids capable of cleaning RNA
IN Cook, Phillip D., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Guinosso, Charles J., Carlsbad, CA, United States
Bruice, Thomas, Carlsbad, CA, United States
PA ISIS Pharmaceuticals, Carlsbad, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PI US 5359051 19941025
AI US 1992-846556 19920305 (7)
RLI which is a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-463358, filed on 11 Jan 1990, now abandoned And a continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1990-566977, filed on 13 Aug 1990, now abandoned
DT Utility
FS Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Brown, Johnnie R.; Assistant Examiner: Crane, L. Eric
LREP Woodcock Washburn Kurtz Mackiewicz & Norris
CLMN Number of Claims: 2
ECL Exemplary Claim: 1,2
DRWN No Drawings
LN.CNT 1046

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AB Compositions and methods for modulating the activity of RNA are disclosed. In accordance with preferred embodiments, antisense compositions are prepared comprising targeting and reactive portions. In preferred embodiments, the reactive portions comprise one or two imidazole functionalities conjugated to the targeting oligonucleotide via linkers with and without intervening intercalating moieties and act through phosphorodiester hydrolytic bond cleavage. Therapeutics, diagnostics and research methods are also disclosed. Synthetic nucleosides and nucleoside fragments are also provided which are useful for elaboration of oligonucleotides for such purposes.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.